

$M\alpha$ the matics

National 5 Practice Paper E

Paper 1

Duration - 1 hour

Total marks - 40

- You may NOT use a calculator
- Attempt all the questions.
- Use blue or black ink.
- \circ Full credit will only be given to solutions which contain appropriate working.
- \circ State the units for your answer where appropriate.

FORMULAE LIST

The roots of are	$ax^{2} + bx + c = 0$ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2} - 4ac}}{2a}$
Sine rule:	$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$
Cosine rule:	$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc \cos A$ or $\cos A = \frac{b^{2} + c^{2} - a^{2}}{2bc}$
Area of a triangle:	$A = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
Volume of a Sphere:	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Volume of a cone:	$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume of a pyramid:	$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$
Standard deviation:	$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x-\bar{x})^2}{n-1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2/n}{n-1}}$, where <i>n</i> is the sample size.

1. Evaluate
$$2\frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{6}$$
 of $1\frac{2}{5}$

2. Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms.

$$(4x+2)(x-5)+3x$$
 3

3. In an experiment involving two variables, the following values for x and y were recorded.

x	1	2	3	4
у	4	2	0	-2

The results were plotted and a straight line was drawn through the points.

Find the gradient of the line and write down its equation.

4. Solve the equation

 $\frac{2}{x} + 9 = 16$

3

3

5. Given $2x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$, show that

6. The diagram below shows part of the graph of $y = 36 - (x - 2)^2$.



- (a) State the coordinates of the maximum turning point.
- (b) State the equation of the axis of symmetry.

The line y = 20 is drawn.

It cuts the graph of $y = 36 - (x - 2)^2$ at R and S as shown below.



(c) S is the point (6, 20). Find the coordinates of R.

2

2

1

A badge is made from a circle of radius 5 centimetres.
Segments are taken off the top and bottom of the circle as shown.

The straight edges are parallel.



The badge measures 7 centimetres from the top to the bottom. The top is 8 centimetres wide.

Calculate the width of the base.

8. Sketch the graph of $y = \sin 2x^\circ$, $0 \le x \le 360$. 3

9.
$$f(x) = 4\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{2}$$

- (a) Find the value of f(72) as a surd in its simplest form. 3
- (b) Find the value of t, given that $f(t) = 3\sqrt{2}$. 3

5

10. The height of a triangle is (2x - 5) centimetres and the base is 2x centimetres.



The area of the triangle is 7 square centimetres.

Calculate the value of x.

[End of question paper]

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